

TRANSCRIPT:

Fixed Income Five with Kevin Lynyak

Hi folks, this is Kevin Lynyak Fixed Income Portfolio Manager at Parametric. All right, so we're here to talk about the impressive job data that has bold moving much higher so for the month of September we saw the nonfarm payroll that come in much stronger than expected. 254,000 jobs versus expectations of 150,000 jobs, also revision to prior months of 72,000 jobs. So we go back just a month ago we're looking at the three month moving average at 116,000 jobs. We had a couple soft months there in July and August of job status and I think this is why we got the fed moving 50 bases points.

And then it looks like it's just picked up recently and I think the jobs games were not surprising, but fairly broad-based you look at the household survey we saw sizable increase in jobs this month. They're also across a lot of different sectors leading the way we leisure, hospitality, healthcare and federal state government and construction jobs so I think the job growth was fairly broad-based.

The Sahm rule looks less ominous after another fall in the unemployment rate few months ago 4.3% last month. It was 4.05% rounding up to 4.1% . So, "Sahm" kind of wonderful For you Mary Stewart Masterson fans so the rule there is ticking down. What is the Sahm again? well at all past recessions go back to 1990. We've seen the unemployment rate pick up a half percent before all recessions Fed Chair Powell was asked about this recently and he called it a "statistical regularity" so it doesn't necessarily have to trigger here but something that the markets had gotten all worried about and had priced a bunch of Fed rate cut and I think the Fed was probably somewhat worried about it as well.

So, what this has done? Goodbye to the jumbo cut you know. Two weeks ago we had the Fed cutting multiple 50 basis points, and at the next November meeting, the market has now priced that out. I think you could argue that probably doesn't even need to cut rates at this point although it has signaled to the market that there are two more 25 point rate cuts to come in the next two meetings in November in December.

Also, the payroll I think next month is gonna be really noisy. We have some large OEM strikes going on it's and in the country we also have. I think two very large hurricanes that are hitting East Coast, which may excuse some of the payroll the most important take away. I have here is that the market was pricing in just rent will talk to you a couple weeks ago Fed rate cut was pricing a terminal rate of 2 3/4% that is now up to 3 1/4 so 3.25% I think that's a little bit more reasonable think valuation and treasuries were looking pretty full Potentially pricing in a recession and we just weren't seeing that in other asset classes like credit equities they were showing you know I can't think of much much stronger, economic environment.

You look at equities close to the highs you look at credit you know we were talking a couple weeks ago saying I think it fix income. It was gonna be much harder to see total returns from lower Bonos unless you had much softer economic data that's why we preferred Hanging out and taking coupon and carry and some of the credit markets and since then we seen credit spreads now read it back to the tightest levels that we've seen in the last three years.

High Yield spread it 289 or well inside of 300 today so I think at this point it's probably a better entry point to look at treasuries again you got to your notes and your notes around 4% You've also got the economic data to pick up again if I look at something like the city economic index so we've priced a little bit more value moving forward.

We got a couple more data points before the next FOMC meeting. We got CPI inflation front PCE one more job report and of course elections and we had the FOMC meeting just two days after the elections so what will we know by then? Stay tuned, there's a lot going on the market. We look forward to talking to you.

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